

| Country | Programmatic Area (2017) | Activity | Partner | Expected Outcome |
|------------------|--|---|---------|---|
| Papua New Guinea | Health System Strengthening Leadership | Support to develop a proposal for combined HSS2 /Transitional grant to be submitted to Gavi for approval | WHO | GAVI HSS2/Transitional grant proposal for 2017-2020 |
| Papua New Guinea | Management and Coordination | Support the NDOH to improve the capacity of the National and Sub National EPI Team in all aspects of EPI planning, implementation and monitoring | WHO | Increased HR Capacity |
| Papua New Guinea | Country planning Management and Monitoring | Support for the implementation of the Special Integrated Routine EPI Strengthening Programme (SIREP) in low performing provinces and districts. | WHO | Low performing Districts will be conducting SIREP on quarterly basis for 8 provinces at least |
| Papua New Guinea | Data | Support the EPI program at the national and sub national level to ensure data quality analysis and management # Technical support for data quality improvement # Support NDOH Health Information System to update the database on key EPI indicators and new vaccines, to review population data at all levels (national, provincial, district, health facility, clinic sites and/or communities), # Organize and Facilitate DQA and Data Management Training at the sub national Level # Feasibility assessment for conducting EPI coverage survey in 2018 | WHO | (i) At least 8 provinces will compile, analyse, and share the data to improve the program performance (ii) Feasibility assessment report on EPI coverage survey is in place |
| Papua New Guinea | Vaccine implementation | # Strengthening VPDs' surveillance including case-based national surveillance for AFP and AFR, # Sentinel surveillance for Japanese Encephalitis, Congenital Rubella Syndrome (CRS), Rota Virus diarrhea, Invasive Bacterial Meningitis and Typhoid Fever. | WHO | Monthly and Quarterly reports will be available |
| Papua New Guinea | Vaccine implementation | Strengthening AFP surveillance # Technical support to conduct risk assessment and identify activities aimed at strengthening AFP surveillance | WHO | Risk assessment report is in place and strengthen preparedness of risk mitigation |
| Papua New Guinea | Vaccine implementation | Strengthening immunization safety surveillance at national & sub-national levels | WHO | Scale-up national level training activities to subnational levels |
| | Vaccine implementation | Improving Hep B Birthdose coverage: Coordinate with MCH on immunization and newborn care guidance. Assess status of this birth dose activities following national action plan to improve birth dose coverage in March 2015. Provide TA and train health workers and village health volunteers on birth dose training tools, including vaccinating outside cold chain. | WHO | TA are given and trained health workers and volunteers on birthdose training tools, including vaccinating outside coldchain |
| Papua New Guinea | Supply chain and vaccine wastage | Technical support to NDOH (Health Facility Branch (HFB) and EPI unit) and the Provincial Immunisation and Cold chain focal points in all 22 provinces to: i)Update the cold chain facilities and equipment inventory; ii)Develop a nation-wide Cold Chain Rehabilitation and Expansion Plan based on 2016 EVMA recommendations and updated CCE inventory aligning with cMYP 2016-2020; and iii)Facilitate and monitor installation, repair and maintenance of vaccine fridges including SDD. | UNICEF | Improved cold chain facilities and their functionality across the country |
| | Health System Strengthening | i)Conduct bottleneck and barriers analysis on immunisation systems and services; ii)Develop/update comprehensive micro-plan for each district to address the health systems and operational bottlenecks; iii)development of job aids and materials on BNA,micro-planning, monitoring and reporting; iv)intensified supportive supervision, monitoring and mentoring' and v)conduct rapid coverage assessment. | UNICEF | Routine immunisation coverage (Pentavalent and MCV) increased by 10% in 4 provinces. |
| | Demand generation | work with NDOH, provincial government, district development authorities and non-public partners to mobilise and leverage support to improve coverage with equity in 4 UNICEF focus provinces: i)development of 'Advocacy and Communication Plan for Immunisation with Equity' in four UNICEF focus provinces aligned with new National EPI Policy; ii)Conduct advocacy and orientation meeting/workshop with national DOH, high level provincial government and districts officials, member of parliaments, NGOs, churches, and civil society organisations; iii)Develop advocacy and communication for development (C4D) guidelines and materials on routine immunisation to effectively communicate with and mobilise the key immunisation stakeholders and care-givers; iv)Engage and apply community-based communication and social mobilisation avenues and platforms (CBO, NGOs, Churches, women groups, adolescent forum, mothers club etc.) to reach the care-givers of children on immunisation, and v)Develop immunisation investment case for provinces to mobilise/leverage resources from provincial government and partners. | UNICEF | Community and care-givers awareness on immunisation improved, Active engagement and support from provincial government and partners increased, and Resource allocation from provincial government for routine immunisation increased. |
| Papua New Guinea | Cold Chain | TA for Cold chain improvement with updating of inventory and development of cold chain expansion and rehabilitation plan. This as additional support to what has been proposed in the TCA for the same area of work. We could not propose more in the TCA due to the country ceiling issue) | UNICEF | |